

GLOSSARY

Local Authority Treasury Management Terms

Term	Description
Bond	A certificate of long-term debt issued by a company, government, or other institution, which is tradable on financial markets.
Borrowing	Usually refers to the stock of outstanding loans owed, and bonds issued.
Capital Financing Requirement (CFR)	A council's underlying need to hold debt for capital purposes, representing the cumulative capital expenditure that has been incurred but not yet financed. The CFR increases with capital expenditure and decreases with capital finance and Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP).
CIPFA	The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) is a UK-based international accountancy membership and standard-setting body.
Cost of carry	When a loan is borrowed in advance of need, the difference between the interest payable on the loan and the income earned from investing the cash in the interim.
Counterparty	The other party to a loan, investment or other contract.
Counterparty Limit	The maximum amount an investor is willing to lend to a counterparty, in order to manage credit risk.
CPI	Consumer Price Index - the main measure of inflation for macroeconomic purposes.
Deposit	A regulated placing of cash with a financial institution.
Dividend	Income paid to investors in shares and collective investment schemes. Dividends are not contractual, and the amount is therefore not known in advance.
DLUHC	Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities supports communities across the UK to thrive. Now MHCLG.
DMO	Debt Management Office is an executive agency of HM Treasury responsible for debt and cash management for the UK Government lending to local authorities and managing certain public funds.
Equity	An investment which usually confers ownership and voting rights.
FTSE	Financial Times Stock Exchange – an important indicator of the health of the UK stock market and economy. The FTSE100 is an index made up of shares from the biggest 100 companies by market capitalisation.
GDP	Gross Domestic Product is the total monetary or market value of all the finished goods and services produced within a country in a specific time period.
Income Return	Return on investment from dividends, interest and rent but excluding capital gains and losses.
Gilts	A gilt is a UK government liability denominated in sterling, issued by HM Treasury and listed on the stock exchange.

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LIBID and LIBOR	London interbank bid rate - the benchmark interest rate at which banks bid to borrow cash from other banks, traditionally 0.125% lower than LIBOR. London interbank offer rate - the benchmark interest rate at which banks offer to lend cash to other banks. Published every London working day at 11am for various currencies and terms. No longer in use, see SONIA below.
LOBO	Lender's Option Borrower's option.
MHCLG	Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government
MMF	A Money Market Fund is a type of mutual fund that invests in cash, cash equivalents and short term debt securities.
MPC	The Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) are responsible for making decisions about the bank rate.
Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP)	Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) is the charge to revenue made in respect of paying off the principal sum of the borrowing undertaken to finance the capital programme.
OBR	The Office for Budget Responsibility gives independent and authoritative analysis of the UK's public finances. OBR is an executive non-departmental public body, sponsored by HM Treasury.
PMI	Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) is an index of the prevailing direction of economic trends in the manufacturing and service sectors. Market conditions can be expanding, staying the same or contracting.
PWLB	Public Works Loan Board is a statutory body operating within the Debt Management Office (DMO) that lends money from the National Loans Fund to councils and other prescribed bodies and collects the repayments.
Quantitative Easing (QE)	Process by which central banks directly increase the quantity of money in the economy to promote GDP growth and prevent deflation. Normally achieved by the central bank buying government bonds in exchange for newly created money.
SONIA	Sterling overnight interest average – a benchmark interest rate for overnight deposits.
TMSS	Treasury Management Strategy Statement.